

ARCTIC OCEAN
SCIENTIFIC ADVENTURES

EDUCATIONAL PACKAGE

NO.03

General concepts of the Arctic Ocean



Don't write too big or you will not have enough space to clearly identify all of the elements.

TRAFFIC IN OCEAN CIRCULATION

1. What is meant by thermohaline?

thermo: heat haline: salinity

2.What controls ocean circulation?

As sea ice forms in the North Atlantic, the surrounding water gets saltier and denser and sinks towards the bottom of the ocean. Surface water moves in to replace the sinking water, creating a current. As the deep water moves through the Southern Oceans, it slowly warms and rises back to the surface, eventually returning to the North Atlantic, where the cycle begins again.

3. Complete the sentences by inserting the following terms at the appropriate places:

currents - phytoplankton food chain - exchange oceanographers - nutrients stratification

Oceanographers and climatologists are interested in ocean stratification because currents supply necessary nutrients to phytoplankton. The food web depends on the mixing and exchange between strata in the water column.

4. Why is the Arctic Ocean more stratified than the Atlantic Ocean?

Water from melting ice and river inputs is less salty than seawater. Due to its lower density, fresher water stays at the surface.

- **5.** Imagine that the following diagram is a jar containing different types of water:
- -warm freshwater (red)-cold saltwater (green)-warm saltwater (yellow)-cold freshwater (blue)

Color areas with the appropriate color.



